

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Název vzdělávacího materiálu:	Ernest Hemingway
Číslo vzdělávacího materiálu:	VY_32_INOVACE_AJ.1.04a
Autor vzdělávacího materiálu:	Mgr. Radka Fialová
Období, ve kterém byl vzdělávací materiál vytvořen:	1. pololetí školního roku 2012/13
Vzdělávací oblast:	Jazyk a jazyková komunikace
Vzdělávací obor:	Jazyk a jazyková komunikace
Vzdělávací předmět:	Anglický jazyk
Tematická oblast:	Britská a americká literatura
Ročník, pro který je vzdělávací materiál určen:	4. ročník gymnázia (vyšší stupeň)



evropský
sociální
fond v ČR



EVROPSKÁ UNIE



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Anotace:

Tato prezentace slouží k podpoře výkladu učitele s využitím interaktivní tabule. Prohlubuje znalosti z oblasti britské a americké literatury, které jsou tématem maturitní otázek. Její součástí je pracovní list, kde si žák získané znalosti ověří.



evropský
sociální
fond v ČR



EVROPSKÁ UNIE



MINISTERSTVO ŠKOLSTVÍ,
MLÁDEŽE A TĚLOVÝCHOVY



OP Vzdělávání
pro konkurenceschopnost

INVESTICE DO ROZVOJE VZDĚLÁVÁNÍ

Citace použitých zdrojů:

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:ErnestHemingway.jpg>

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest_Hemingway_in_Milan_1918_retouched_3.jpg

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest_Hadley_and_Bumby_Hemingway.jpg

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest_Hemingway_with_Family,_1905.png

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Hemingwayhouse.jpg>

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest_and_Pauline_Hemingway,_Paris,_1927.jpg

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest_Hemingway_with_sons_Patrick_and_Gregory_with_kittens_in_Finca_Vigia,_Cuba.jpg

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Gellhorn_Hemingway_1941.jpg

http://en.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest_and_Mary_Hemingway_at_the_Finca_Vigia%2C_Cuba_-_NARA_-_192661.jp

Citace použitých zdrojů:

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Hemingwaysun1.jpg>
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Hemingway_farewell.png
<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:ErnestHemmingwayForWhomTheBellTolls.jpg>
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Ernest_Hemingway_1950.jpg
<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Oldmansea.jpg>
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Hemingway_memorial.jpg

Vzdělávací materiál vytvořen v rámci projektu
Sportovní gymnázium - škola 21. století

ERNEST HEMINGWAY



American writer and journalist who influenced generations of writers

Member of the Lost Generation who lived the life full of adventures

Man who won the Nobel Prize in literature in 1954 and the Pulitzer Prize in 1953

EARLY LIFE



He was born on July 21, 1899 in Oak Park, Illinois into a family of a doctor and a musician, well educated and conservative family.

He studied local high school, took part in sports events, esp. boxing, football and water polo and played in the school orchestra. He didn't go to study university but started working as a reporter in the Kansas City Star

DR. CLARENCE EDMONDS HEMINGWAY

- ✘ His father was a doctor and he loved passionately fishing and hunting. He taught it his little son, so Ernest caught his first fish when he was 3 and was given his first shotgun at the age of 12.
- ✘ Ernest loved nature and became really experienced hunter
- ✘ On December 6, 1928, Hemingway's father, troubled with diabetes and financial instabilities, committed suicide using an old Civil War pistol. **This greatly hurt Hemingway.**

GRACE HALL HEMINGWAY

- ✘ Hemingway's mother was born in Chicago, Illinois and died in Memphis.
- ✘ She wanted to be an opera singer. She gave a concert at Madison Square Garden.
- ✘ She came back to Oak Park and married Dr. Clarence Hemingway in 1896. They had six children, Marcelline, Ernest Miller, Ursula, Madeline, Carol, and Leicester Clarence.
- ✘ She directed the children's church choir and the orchestra at the First Congregational Church of Oak Park. She was also an artist.



WORLD WAR I

- ✘ Hemingway was fascinated by war and he wanted to become a soldier but he couldn't because of his poor eyesight, so he became an ambulance driver in Italy.
- ✘ He was wounded and spent 6 months at the hospital, where he fell in love with a nurse Agnes. They agreed to get marry but later she wrote him that she had engaged to an Italian officer.
- ✘ Hemingway was devastated by this decision and it influenced his future relationships with women.

HEMINGWAY WOMEN

- ✘ **Elizabeth Hadley Richardson** married him in 1921.
- ✘ They had a son John Nicanor, called Bumby
- ✘ 1927 they got divorced because of another woman Pauline Pfeiffer.



- ✦ **Pauline Pfeiffer** was his wife from 1927 to 1940. They lived in a beautiful house in Florida. They had 2 sons, Patrick and Gregory



Gregory Hemingway (right) with brother
Patrick (left) and their father in Cuba

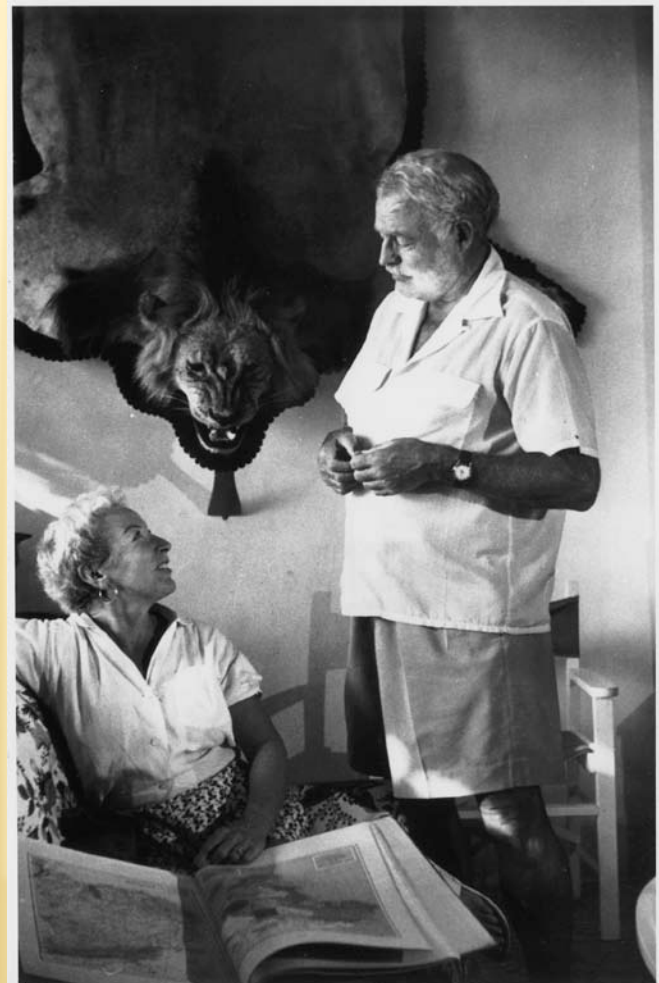


- ✘ **Martha Gellhorn** became his third wife in 1940 and they divorced 1945. At the age of 89, ill and almost completely blind, she committed suicide.



Martha Gellhorn and Ernest Hemingway with unidentified Chinese military officers, Chungking, China, 1941

- ✘ **Mary Welsh Hemingway** was an American journalist and the fourth wife (and widow) of Ernest Hemingway.
- ✘ She married Ernest in Cuba in 1946 and they lived there, and after 1959, in Ketchum, Idaho. After Ernest's suicide in 1961, Mary acted as his literary executor, and supported the publication of *A Moveable Feast*



HEMINGWAY'S FRIENDS

- ✘ Gertrude Stein
- ✘ James Joyce
- ✘ Ezra Pound
- ✘ John Dos Passos
- ✘ F. Scott Fitzgerald
- ✘ Supported him in writing

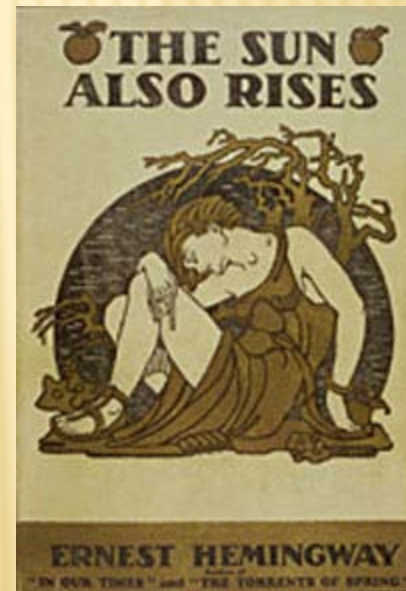
BETWEEN THE WARS

- ✘ Hemingway lived in Toronto [his first son was born here] , then he came back in Paris, travelled to Italy and also Spain where he first visited the Festival of San Fermín in Pamplona in 1923 with his wife Hadley
- ✘ There he became fascinated by bullfighting
- ✘ The Hemingways returned to Pamplona in 1924 and 1925

THE SUN ALSO RISES

1926

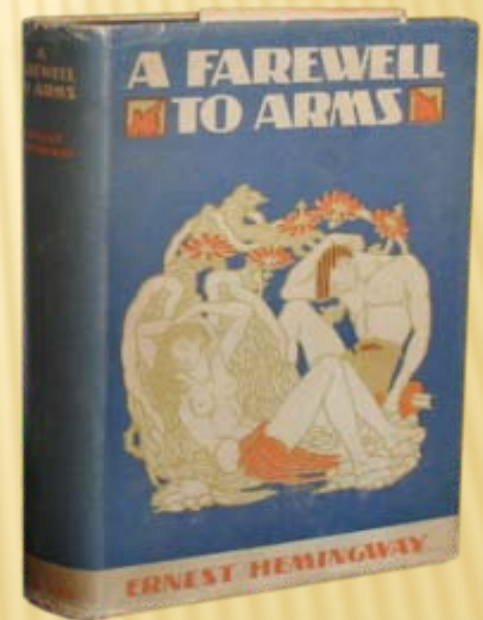
- ✘ This is the first Hemingway's book, it describes the bull fighting in Pamplona and here the term "Lost Generation" appears for the first time



FAREWELL TO ARMS

1929

- ✘ The novel was based on Hemingway's own experiences from Italy during the First World War.



-
- ✘ It is a love story of Henry, a soldier who is wounded and transferred to the hospital in Milan where he meets Catherine. They fall in love. Henry defects the army and they escape to Switzerland, they live quiet happy but short life. Catherine dies during a child birth.

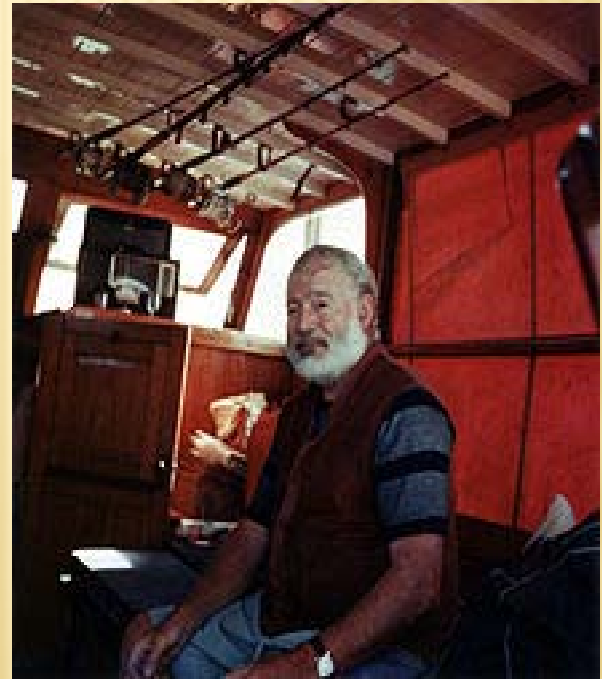
-
- ✘ The readers can find there autobiographical features:
 - ✘ World War I
 - ✘ Italian front
 - ✘ Wounded soldier
 - ✘ Love with a nurse
 - ✘ The character of priest based on a real character

-
- ✘ In 1933 Hemingway and Pauline spent 10 weeks in safari in East Africa.
 - ✘ He was inspired here to write "***Green Hills of Africa***", as well the short stories "**The Snows of Kilimanjaro**"
 - ✘ He bought a boat in 1934 and travelled to the Caribbean

SPANISH CIVIL WAR

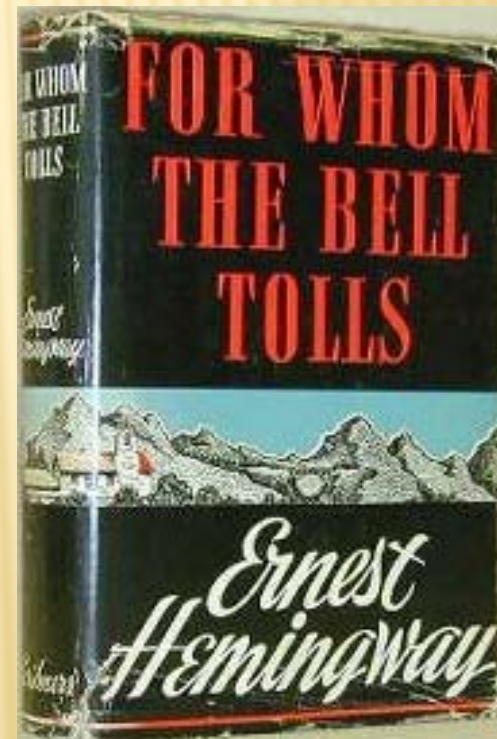
- ✘ 1937 Hemingway agreed to report on the Spanish Civil War for the North American Newspaper Alliance.
- ✘ He arrived in Spain in March
- ✘ He met her journalist and writer Martha Gellhorn, whom Hemingway had met in Key West the previous Christmas.

- ✘ When he came back, he crossed to Cuba in his boat to live in Havana, separated from Pauline and Martha came after him.



Ernest Hemingway in the cabin of his boat *Pilar*.

- ✘ She inspired him to write his most famous novel “*For Whom the Bell Tolls*” which was finished in July 1940. It was published in October of the same year.



FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS

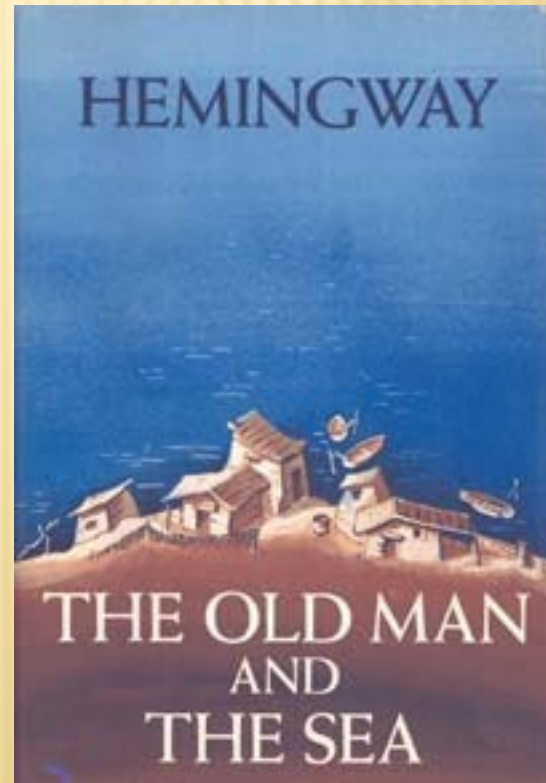
- ✘ It tells the story of Robert Jordan, a young American taking part in the Spanish Civil War fighting in the International Brigades as a dynamiter, he is ordered to blow up a bridge during an attack on the city of Segovia
- ✘ It is full of thoughts and experiences of the main hero.
- ✘ The novel describes the brutality of civil war.

-
- ✘ 1941 Hemingway and Martha travelled to China but he didn't like it there
 - ✘ He came back to Cuba but didn't stay long and left for Europe and reported about war events
 - ✘ In 1947 he was awarded a Bronze Star for his bravery during World War II
 - ✘ When Hemingway arrived in London, he met *Time* magazine correspondent Mary Welsh, he passionately fell in love with her; on their third meeting he asked her to marry him.

-
- ✘ Hemingway sank into depression as his literary friends began to die
 - ✘ He suffered from severe headaches, high blood pressure, weight problems, and eventually diabetes

-
- ✘ When he became furious at the critical reception of “*Across the River and Into the Trees*”, he wrote the novella “***The Old Man and the Sea*** “in **eight weeks**
 - ✘ He said: “It is the best I can write ever for all of my life”.
 - ✘ *It* became a book-of-the-month selection, it made Hemingway an international celebrity, and he was awarded the Pulitzer Prize in May 1952, a month before he left for his second trip to Africa.

- ✘ It became a book-of-the-month selection
- ✘ it made Hemingway an international celebrity
- ✘ he was awarded the Pulitzer Prize in May 1952



-
- ✘ A month later he travelled to Africa where he was almost fatally injured in two successive plane crashes
 - ✘ He suffered from depression and started to drink more heavily
 - ✘ In October 1954 Hemingway received the **Nobel Prize in Literature** but he didn't feel like going to Stockholm.

- ✘ At this time Hemingway was worried about money and about his safety
- ✘ He committed suicide on July 2, 1961 using his own shotgun

